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THE GUIDE

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BY THE PEOPLE, FOR THE PEOPLE AND WITH THE PEOPLE.

VOL. 6, NO. 22. MYERSVILLE, MD., AUGUST 24, 1897. $1.00 PER YEAR.

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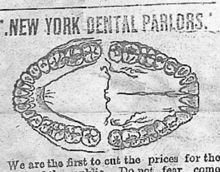

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DRINK AND LONG LIFE

LIFE INSURANCE RECORDS CONCERNING ALCOHOL.

Total Abstainers Much Safer Risks Than Moderate Drinkers—Hard Drinkers Cannot Get Insured—Highest Death Rate Among Persons in the Liquor Trade.

[illegible] from the last number of The British Medical Journal was shown by a New York World reporter to the actuaries of the two largest American life insurance companies:

"The remarkable difference in favor of abstaining lives over those of nonabstainers which has characterized the yearly returns of the United Kingdom Temperance Insurance company for a quarter of a century, has been again exhibited. During last year in the nonabstaining section the actual death claims were 356, or 46 fewer than the expectancy. In the temperance section the actual death claims were 246, or 118 fewer than the expectancy. In other words, if the death rate of the abstainers had been the same as of the nonabstainers, instead of 246 there would have been 320 deaths, or 74 more, while if the death rate of the nonabstainers had been the same as of the abstainers there would have been 84 fewer deaths."

That is a very interesting statement for so high a medical authority to make. "All that a man hath will he give for his life," says Holy Writ, and it may be reasonably presumed that if mankind generally were positively assured of longer life on condition that they totally abstained from drinking alcoholic liquors the ranks of the teetotalers would be swelled to formidable figures.

Is it true? There is a peculiar life insurance company in Great Britain which has no counterpart in the United States. It is the United Kingdom Temperance Insurance company, and it makes a specialty of dividing its policies into two classes—policies issued to total abstainers from alcoholic drinks and policies issued to nonabstainers. The nonabstainers are not intemperate persons; at least they are not at the time their policies are taken out, because no insurance company will write a policy upon the life of a man who either admits or upon medical examination is found to be using intoxicants to excess at the time he makes his application.

Every American life insurance company now puts a direct question to every applicant for a policy, something like this: Do you use alcoholic beverages? This inquiry has only been made to American applicants generally since 1875. Prior to that year a less direct form of inquiry was used, such as: Are you a person of sober and temperate habits? That kind of question was, of course, almost always answered "Yes," but many applicants regarded the word "temperate" as implying teetotalism and qualified their replies by adding some such words as "Use liquors moderately." Since 1875, therefore, the American insurance returns furnish some valuable evidence on the question raised by The British Medical Journal.

Emory McClintock, the actuary of one of the two largest life insurance companies in the United States, has made a very careful examination of the records of all the policy holders of his company, classifying them as abstainers and nonabstainers. The main results of his examination are summed up by him as follows:

"Upon those who on entering stated that they abstained from alcoholic beverages the maximum expected loss was $5,455,669 and the actual loss was $4,251,050. Upon those who stated otherwise the maximum expected loss was $9,829,462, and the actual loss was $9,469,407. The abstainers show, therefore, a death loss of 78 per cent of the maximum and the nonabstainers 96 per cent.

one for men and another for women, and the women's rate is much lower than the men's. Why? Simply because all the actuaries' tables show that women live longer on an average than men."

Better Without Stimulants.

Bishop Tucker of central Africa has been giving his experience of teetotalism to a representative of The Young Man. "I have been a teetotaler for 20 years," he said. "So far from regretting it, I would commence it sooner if I had the chance again. I find that in Africa not only is a teetotaler better fitted to cope with the climate, but he is better fitted for the great physical exercise which he has to undergo. I marched some 10,000 miles in Africa and have never felt the want of anything like a stimulant. Indeed I felt sure that if I had not been a teetotaler it would have been impossible to undergo the fatigue involved in some of the marching." The bishop, in his last pastoral visit, covered about 1,000 miles entirely on foot.—Selected.

Then and Now.

When Victoria was crowned, most English speaking people had liquors on their sideboard and used them freely. The abstainer was often put upon the defensive and sometimes flatly accused of gross discourtesy and often found his pastor opposed to his views, either openly or covertly. Almost all the colleges had liquors at the commencement and other banquets, and to propose a wedding feast without wine would have seemed most unreasonable. Deplorable as the situation still is, it is vastly better than it was then, when statesmen were often little better than common drunkards, and great lawyers were frequently public spectacles.—The Christian Advocate.

Poisoned by Rum.

George Milne Scott, a lad of 12 years, son of a laborer in Aberdeen, Scotland, recently died from the effects of alcoholic poisoning. He secured temporary possession of a pint bottle of rum and drank most of the contents. He was able to walk home, but became unconscious and died soon afterward.

Crime Due to Drink.

An analysis of the statistics of crime reported for the census of 1890 from the 15 largest cities in the United States showed 465,514 arrests during the year. Of these 330,787 were due to drink.

THE PINT OF ALE.

How John's Wife Laid the Foundation of a Fortune.

It is a difficult matter to one accustomed to small daily indulgences to realize the expense thus incurred.

A Manchester calico printer was asked on his wedding day by his shrewd wife to allow her two half pints of ale a day as her share of home [illegible] cheerfully [illegible] hardly became him to do otherwise, inasmuch as he drank two or three quarts a day. The wife kept the home tidy and all went well with them, but as she took the small allowance each week for household expenses she never forgot the "pint of ale, John."

When the first anniversary of their wedding came, and John looked around on his neat home and comely wife, a longing to do something to celebrate the day took possession of him.

"Mary, we've had no holiday since we were wed, and only that I haven't a penny in the world we'd take a jaunt to the village and see the mother."

"Would thee like to go, John?" she asked.

There was a tear with her smile, for it touched her heart to hear him speak tenderly, as in the olden times.

"If thee'd like to go, John, I'll stand treat."

"Thou stand treat, Mary! Hast got a fortin left thee?"

"Nay, but I've got the pint of ale," said she.

"Got what, wife?"

"The pint of ale," she replied.

Whereupon she went to the hearth, and from beneath one of the stone flags drew out a stocking, from which she poured upon the table the sum of 365 threepences ($22.81), exclaiming:

"See, John, thee can have the holiday."

"What is this?" he asked in amaze.

"It is my daily pint of ale, John."

He was conscience stricken as well as amazed and charmed.

"Mary, hasn't thee had thy share? Then I'll have no more from this day."

And he was as good as his word. They had the holiday with the old mother, and Mary's little capital, saved from "the pint of ale," was the seed from which, as the years rolled on, grew shop, factory, warehouse, country seat and carriage, with health, happiness, peace and honor.—Selected.

KEPT HIS PLEDGE.

A Reformed Drunkard Who Was Firm In His Resolve.

The lodge of Good Templars at Basle, Switzerland, has its meeting room provided free of cost by the local government, and in addition it receives the sum of 80 francs per annum to assist its work.

Several members of the lodge are reformed men. One very remarkable example was employed as an agent for a wine merchant and was regarded as a hopeless drunkard. In a sober hour he sought the help of the Good Templars, signed the pledge and was placed upon probation. Before he could become a member it was necessary that he should quit his employment. He did so and was assisted by some of the lodge members to an inferior position in the office of a merchant. He kept his pledge, advanced in his business, and is now a respectable member of the community. Soon after he joined the order he met with an accident and was carried to a hospital. His condition was critical and his weakness extreme. The attending physician ordered brandy and was about to place it to the patient's lips when he struck the glass from the doctor's hand, exclaiming, "No, I would rather die than ever touch again the stuff which made me so vile!"—Banner of Gold.

No Barley For Malt.

The Christian Scotsman, Glasgow, states that one day the late Mr. Joseph Sturge, a dealer in grain, met a drunken man and questioned him as to his condition. The man replied that he got drunk at such and such a public house, and he added, "The beer was made from your barley." This statement st[illegible]m, and the next issue of The Mark Lane Express contained a notice from his firm that under no circumstances would they supply barley for malting purposes. It cost them $40,000 a year, but they had a clear conscience, and God blessed them.

Strike at the Foe.

Cry to our fatherland,
"Strike at the foe!"
Call on each noble band,
"Strike at the foe!"
Wailings are rising from alleys and lanes,
Finding sad echo in valleys and plains,
Thrilling our hearts and inflaming our veins—
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!
Strike at the demon drink, blow upon blow!
Strike while the eye and the heart are aglow!
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!

Heroes of fatherland,
Strike at the foe!
This is a struggle grand.
Strike at the foe!
Sorrow stands watching with grief reddened eyes,
Poverty chants her low chorus of sighs,
Many voiced misery fearfully cries,
"Strike, strike, strike at the foe!"
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!
Strike at the demon drink, blow upon blow!
Strike and go forward and strike as you go!
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!

Patriots of fatherland,
Strike at the foe.
Fight with an iron hand.
Strike at the foe!
Commerce stands waiting for victory's hour.
Heaven is ready rich blessings to shower.
Virtue, once weak, will rise in her power.
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!
Strike at the demon drink, blow upon blow!
Strike, fiercely strike! Be not fitful nor slow.
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!

Statesmen of fatherland,
Strike at the foe!
Shrink not, but firmly stand.
Strike at the foe!
Christians, arise in your terrible might.
Soldiers of temperance, the end is in sight.
Brothers, be cowards no longer, but fight.
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!
Strike at the demon drink, blow upon blow!
Strike, resting not till the curse is laid low!
Strike, strike, strike at the foe!
—International Good Templar.

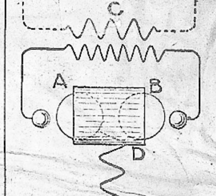
BY WAVES OF SOUND.

AUTHORITATIVE EXPLANATION OF MARCONI'S WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

His Discoveries Not So Important or Original as at First Supposed and Not Likely to Soon Supersede the Morse System.

[illegible] much exaggerated and [illegible] inaccurate accounts of Mr. Marconi's experiments in wireless telegraphy have been given to the public within the last few months. The more authoritative utterances of Mr. Preece, chief electrician of the British postal service, now show that the young Italian's discoveries are not so important and original as has been supposed. The practical usefulness of Marconi's invention, so far as can be seen at present, will be comparatively limited. It is nevertheless true that he has gone further than any one else in solving the question how to telegraph between two points not connected with wires.

In an address delivered in London Mr. Preece made it perfectly clear that the kind of energy which Mr. Marconi employs is the electro magn[illegible],

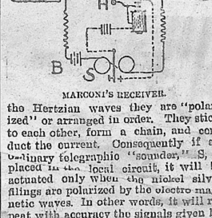


MARCONI'S TRANSMITTER.

or Hertzian wave, which is thrown off sidewise from a metallic conductor when an electric current in the latter is interrupted with very great frequency. No new form of radiance has been discovered. Marconi's generator or transmitter is really a piece of apparatus devised by Professor Righi and is only a modified form of Hertz's radiator. Two brass balls, A and B, are fitted tightly into the ends of a cylinder containing vaseline (which is a good insulator). Directly opposite and almost in contact with each of these large spheres are two small brass balls, and the latter are made the terminals of the secondary circuit of a powerful induction coil, C. A storage battery or other source of electricity, E, is placed in the primary circuit, which also contains an ordinary Morse key, K. The turns of fine wire composing the secondary coil are so much more numerous than those of the primary that the current induced in the former has a very high voltage or penetrating power. It would leap an air gap of at least six inches. So long as the key is open nothing happens, but when it is closed and the primary circuit is complete the secondary begins sparking with amazing rapidity, and a set of electro magnetic waves, about 250,000,000 per second, are thrown out sidewise from an imaginary line connecting the centers of the big spheres, let us say at D. The zigzag line which Mr. Preece has drawn on the underside of the cylinder is not intended to represent a wire, but the series of invisible electro magnetic waves.

The most original part of Mr. Marconi's apparatus is his receiver, or relay. While it works on the same principle as Hertz's resonator it introduces a new feature. It is something more than a mere ring, carefully "tuned" to respond to vibrations of a certain frequency. In a sealed glass tube an inch and a half long and perhaps a quarter of an inch in diameter, he inserts two cylindrical bits of silver, separated at their bases by half a millimeter, or about one-fiftieth of an inch. The outer ends of the silver "pole pieces" are connected with wires that pierce the glass. The tube is made airtight, and a high vacuum is created within it. But before these last two steps are taken the space between the butt ends of the silver pieces is filled with a mixture of fine nickel and silver filings, to which a trace of mercury has been added.

Now, if a "local" battery, B, such as is used in every country telegraph office, be connected with the apparatus, and an attempt be made to send a current through the latter, there will be no success unless the tube should be exposed sidewise to the electro magnetic waves sent off by Mr. Marconi's transmitter. Except at such times the filings act like an insulator. The tiny particles lie in disorder, or "higgledy piggledy," as Mr. Preece says. But when they come within the influence of



MARCONI'S RECEIVER.

the Hertzian waves they are "polarized" or arranged in order. They stick to each other, form a chain, and conduct the current. Consequently if an ordinary telegraphic "sounder," S, is placed in the local circuit, it will be actuated only when the nickel silver filings are polarized by the electro magnetic waves. In other words, it will repeat with accuracy the signals given by means of the key connected with the transmitter.

Two thin metallic wings, WW, are attached to the apparatus. By trimming these to the proper size the receiving instrument is attuned to the transmitter. If a crowbar is dropped on a pavement, it will ring out a certain note. Vary the amount of metal in it, and you change the note.

When an induction coil powerful enough to give a 6 inch spark is used with the transmitter, Marconi's receiver will pick up the waves at a distance of [illegible] [illegible] distance a coil capable of giving a still longer spark is required. Thus far the new wireless system has been used only over intervals of eight miles. A coil capable of sending farther than this would be very costly—far more so than eight or ten miles of wire. Hence Marconi's method is not likely to displace Morse's for general service. It seems to be best suited to secret communication in time of war, to fog signaling or to telegraphing to lightships or islands lying several miles off shore.—New York Tribune.

NEW STEEL DISCOVERED.

Said to Contain About Twenty-five or Twenty Per Cent of Nickel.

The manufacture of nickel steel will probably be revolutionized by a new process just invented in Pittsburg. A company has already been formed by well known local capitalists, and the new product will shortly be turned out in large quantities.

[illegible] invented by W. J. Williams, a well known steel worker. No patents have been taken out by the inventor, as he feared his secret would thus be learned by others and endless litigation might result. Careful analyses were made of the finished product by chemists, but they were unable to discover how the steel was made or the proportions of the different materials, as many of the substances had been changed by the furnace's heat.

It is claimed that the new steel contains from 25 to 30 per cent of nickel to the steel. Heretofore not more than from 3 to 4 per cent of nickel to the steel has been obtained by those engaged in the manufacture of it. The tests made showed that the Williams steel increased in strength and hardness to the point where 16 per cent of nickel was used, and from point to 25 and 30 per cent each addition of nickel made the product softer. This variation in the softness or hardness, they claim, is no disadvantage, as the steel will thus become suited to various purposes.

They claim that with the new steel knives may be made just as hard as now, with the additional advantage that they will never rust. The softer steel will be used for the spokes for bicycles, and a large trade is expected to be developed on this class of work.

The advantage gained by the new steel is that much less steel than ordinary can be used and yet have much greater strength.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

A Great Engineering Scheme.

One of the most important electrical engineering schemes on record, by which power is to be conducted from Santa Ana to Los Angeles, a distance of 80 miles, under a pressure of 33,000 volts, is now in process of consummation. It is proposed to deliver electrical energy equivalent to 4,000 horsepower in the car house at Los Angeles. The power station is in Santa Ana canyon, 12 miles from Redlands and 80 miles from the point of development. The current will be generated at 1,000 volts and transformed up to 33,000. The power is derived from the water of the Santa Ana river, which is to be directed from the stream by a canal, flume and tunnel work along the side of the canyon to a point where it suddenly drops through 2,200 feet of pipe, a distance of 750 feet, to the water wheels.—Electrical Review.

Aluminium Coated Sheets.

A middle west galvanized iron manufacturing company is producing steel sheets, coated with aluminium, which, it is claimed, are superior to and more durable than galvanized iron, tin plate or planished iron for many purposes for which these materials are now generally used. The special advantages of [illegible] coated sheets are stated to be that they can be worked and seamed without peeling, the coating adhering absolutely to the sheet, can be easily soldered, will resist the action of sulphurous gases, and can be heated to a red heat without destroying the coating. Moreover, they can, when desired, be polished to a luster equal to burnished silver or nickel.—Popular Science News.

Expensive Metals.

Charcoal thread used as filaments in electric lamps costs about $12,000 a pound, but an authority states that gallium is vastly more expensive than the carbon filament, 1½ grains of it being worth $25, or about $100,000 per pound. He also furnishes a list of the rarer metals, with their approximate prices per pound:

Beryllium and lanthanum	$10,000
Rhodium and thorium	[illegible]
Didymium and rubidium	4,[illegible]
Indium and tantalum	[illegible]
[illegible]	3,000
Ruthenium and [illegible]	2,000

—Keystone.

A Contract From Australia.

It is announced that the Pennsylvania Tube works have received the contract for 100 miles of 12 inch lap welded steel pipe and 300 miles of 30 inch riveted steel pipe. The weight will be about 20,000 tons, and the order is said to be the largest ever made at one time. The pipes are to carry water to the Coolgardie mines, Australia.—American Machinist.

Key In the Doorknob.

In a recently designed door lock the key fits into the end of the doorknob, and there is no other keyhole.

Rapid Building.

In Chicago recently the steel skeleton for a nine story building was erected in 29 days.

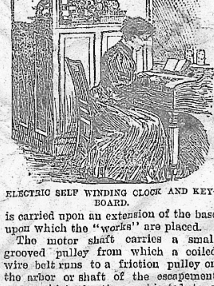
NOVEL TOWER CLOCK.

THE FAMOUS GRACE CHAPEL CHIMES OPERATED BY ELECTRICITY.

The Current Not Only Turns the Clock's Wheels, but Strikes the Quarters and the Hours and Plays Upon the Mammoth Chimes.

"One [illegible] most ingenious [illegible] of the electric current is to be found far up in the tower of Grace chapel, New York, where electricity has replaced the weights of the tower clock, and not only turns its wheels, but also strikes the quarters and the hours and plays a curfew hymn.

As our readers are well aware, the usual m[illegible] is by [illegible] being [illegible] The im[illegible] consists in the replacing of the weights by a small electric motor, thus obviating the necessity of electrical contacts and the mechanical disadvantage of starting and stopping heavy hands, as in the ordinary secondary system of operating clocks. The clock proper, which, with the keyboard, is located in a small room in the tower, is of the ordinary tower clock pattern and differs from this only in the fact that the barrel on which the weights would ordinarily be wound is empty. The novel feature is a tiny electric motor which



ELECTRIC SELF WINDING CLOCK AND KEYBOARD.

is carried upon an extension of the base upon which the "works" are placed.

The motor shaft carries a small grooved pulley from which a coiled wire belt runs to a friction pulley on the arbor or shaft of the escapement gear, which is thus subjected to a steady pull, answering to the pull of the weights in an ordinary clock. Every movement of the escapement allows the shaft to rotate the required amount, and the resulting movements of the clock are transmitted by light hollow shafting to the tower clock dials. A cam on the minute shaft makes an electrical contact once a minute and sends a current to a contact disk on the hour shaft. The disk is furnished with four contact points, which operate every quarter of an hour, to throw in a magnetic clutch and start the "Westminster chimes" barrel, which is in the lower right hand corner of the clock. This barrel is similar to those which are used in a music box, being furnished with a number of pins which operate similarly to those of a music box cylinder. They do not strike the teeth of a comb, however, but serve to lift a series of small electric keys and pass successive currents through a series of wires which lead up to the chimes in the belfry.

Beneath the ten bells are placed ten powerful solenoid magnets, one to each bell. Each of these consists of an iron armature, which hangs, when the magnet is not charged, just within and above the solenoid coil. When the pins of the rotating barrel below strike a key, a current is passed through the solenoid coil in the tower, and the armature is pulled violently down within the coil. The chain by which the armature is hung runs up over a pulley and attaches to the clapper of the bell, which is thus caused to make one stroke for every contact.

A similar mechanism to that above described serves to throw in a wooden cylinder or barrel at 9 o'clock every evening, which plays what is known as the curfew hymn, and after the hymn is played the clock remains silent through the night, in order that the neighborhood may not be disturbed by the bells.

In addition to the automatic mechanism for striking the quarter chimes, the hour and playing the curfew a separate keyboard is provided in the small room at the base of the tower in which the clock mechanism is located. It is carried in a boxlike structure, shaped something after the fashion of a reed organ, and it is used every morning at 9 o'clock for playing a hymn tune by hand, and also at the regular Sunday services. This keyboard has electrical connection with the magnets in the tower and operates in the same manner as the apparatus already described. In case there should be any breakdown of the electrical connections or failure of the current, each of the connecting chains between the magnets and the bells is furnished with a wooden lever which is hinged to the frame of the magnet box. This arrangement is the same as is used in the ordinary tower chimes for tune playing.

The chime consists of ten Meneely bells, the largest of which weighs about 3,000 pounds and the smallest 250 pounds, and to strike a sufficiently powerful blow on a bell weighing a ton and a half requires a considerable amount of force. As a matter of fact a pull is exerted equivalent to between three and four horsepower, and to secure this the main current from the dynamo is thrown on by means of the relay box, which is attached to the wall of the tower. The cost of the current for running the motor is estimated at 1 6-10 cents per day, and the clock has proved to be a reliable timekeeper.—Scientific American.

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The undersigned, respectfully thanking the public for past favors, and hoping that the same be continued in the future, guarantee general satisfaction, as has heretofore been done. I keep always in stock all sizes of best brands.
B. V. White Ash Coal and L. V. Red Ash Coal.
(all sizes) Also best
George's Creek Lump & Run of Mine
for Blacksmithing; and steam and Car Lump, at lowest prices.
Telephone No. 24, at Yard, also the following branches:
Jno. S. W. Jarboe,......E. Patrick St.
Geo. Brust,..............W. Patrick St.
A. Woodward...Cor. Market & 4 Sts.
A. Herrington. .Cor. Market & 5 Sts.
Respectfully,
J. BISER.
E. Third Street, Frederick, Md.

WILLIAM A. MANSFIELD,
Banker and Broker,
FREDERICK, MD.
Receives Money on Deposit and allows 6 per cent. interest on Daily Balances.
Notes Bought and Sold.
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Frederick County Guide,

[illegible] Waldo R. Mowen, | PUBLISHERS.
G. Emerson Mowen |

Subscription: $1.00 a Year. If Paid in Advance, 75cts.

The columns are open for articles upon questions that are of interest to the people. All communications should be accompanied by the name of the author as an evidence of good faith on the part of the writer. Advertising rates reasonable. Positively no deviation from fixed rates, which will be furnished upon application.
Address all communications to
Frederick County Guide,
MYERSVILLE, MD.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 27, 1897.

WITH this issue [illegible] NEWELL [illegible] pen as editor and manager of the GUIDE, having disposed of our interest in the same. The paper will be published as heretofore on every Friday at Myersville by the GUIDE Publishing Co. Mr. Joseph W. Gaver, of Frederick, is to be general manager of the company.

With the new life that will be instilled into the paper, we predict for it a bright future. It is an enterprise that should receive the encouragement of every citizen who is interested in the welfare of his community.

Thanking our many friends for the encouragement given us in our efforts to conduct the paper, we hope that still greater may be extended to our successor.

THE PEOPLE'S COLUMN.

[The column is for the expressions of the views of the people upon topics of general interest to the public. THE GUIDE is not responsible for the views of its correspondents.]

"Joe Tucker" Heard From.

FALLING RUN, MD., Aug. 23, 1897.—Mr. Editor:—Our crop of chinquopins and shellbarks is grand, and with huckleberries to sell we expect to make a "right good out" this year.

Just think of it! Thurmont has received a donation from Baltimore of 37 fresh air children. Good luck to the little scions. Let them breathe the pure and undulated air that is filled with that dolce farina for which the region roundabout Thurmont is noted. There may be a future Republican president in the gang. Of fresh air chaps, however, hereabout, we have a plenty. I can point to one father who is blessed with nigh upon a dozen of as fat, fresh and frisky rough-and-tumble tots as you can find in any poor man's mountain home, and still they come fresh!

Prosperity is all the go now! That is why we laugh. In order to protect themselves from sin, sorrow and the great big Bryan silver strike, some of our Democratic sympathetic silver friends are on a skedaddle to the woods like rats from a burning barn.

There is a ripple of excitement here. Mr. Joshua Moser got "shot" in Boonsboro a few days ago. The affair no doubt was premeditated. Squire Wolf and the police should investigate the matter on hand.

A serious cutting affray occurred at the rear of Mr. George W. Bittle's store a few days ago, during the visit of my friend, Rev. Elmer Bittle. As the Rev. was not an eye witness to the catastrophe he was not much disturbed or agitated over it. His appetite was good and digestion perfect.

It is reported as truth that on the F. & M. railroad a combination car with two trailers loaded with wheat ran off the bridge near the fountain at Kefauver's. Fortunately no one was hurt, as it hugged the rail like sixty.

Considering the present status of the silver market the ardent admirers of the matchless W. Jennings Bryan should, sooner or later apply to him for comfort. He may yet invent something more tangible to cling to in 1900. But (stick a pin here) 1900 ends in naught. Naught from naught and naught remains the figures in arithmetic say.

O, hush! Too bad, the assault upon the "Girl About Town" while being transported to the heights amid watermelons, bales of leather and *sich* on the combination car. Mary Jane don't go behind the bush to say things straight. That's right, give it to the big syndicate good. Yours, etc.,
JOE TUCKER.

Montgomery farmers are holding on to their wheat in expectation of $1.50 a bushel.

Moses Jackson, the jockey, who shot and killed John E. Wedge, colored, at Marlsboro on Tuesday night, is held in jail there on a charge of murder.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY. }
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.
{ SEAL. } A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

What a Lie.

From a Covington (O.) Gazette:
"It takes money to run a newspaper."—St. John (Kan.) News.

What an aggregation; what a whopper! It has been disproved a thousand times; it is a clean case of airy fancy. It doesn't take money to run a newspaper; it can run without money. It is a charitable institution, a begging concern, a highway robber. B'Godfrey the newspaper is the child of the air, a creature of a dream. It can go on and on and on, when any other concern would be in the hands of a receiver and wound up with cobwebs in the window. It takes wind to run a newspaper; it takes gall to run a newspaper. It take a scintillating, acrobatic imagination, and a half dozen white shirts, and a railroad pass to run a newspaper. But money—Heavens to Betsy and six hands round, who ever needed money in conducting a newspaper! Kind words are the [illegible] for [illegible] exch[illegible] editor —kind words and church social tickets. When you see an editor with money, watch him. He'll be paying bills and disgracing his profession. Never give money to an editor. Make him trade it out. He [illegible] swap. Then when you [illegible] having stood around for years [illegible] sneered at the editor and his [illegible] jim crow paper, be sure and have your wife send in for three extra copies by one of your weeping children, and when she reads the generous and touching notice about you, forewarn her to neglect to send fifteen cents to the editor. It would overwhelm him. Money is a corrupting thing. The editor knows it and what he wants is your heartfelt thanks. Then he can thank the printers and they can thank their grocers. Take your job office and then come ask for half rates for church notices. Get your lodge letter heads and stationery printed out of town, and then flood the editor with beautiful thoughts in resolutions of respect and cards of thanks. They make such spicy reading, and when you pick it up filled with those glowing and vivid mortuary articles, you are so proud of your little paper! But money—scorn the filthy thing. Don't let the pure, innocent editor know anything about it. Keep that for sordid tradespeople who charge for their wares. The editor gives his bounty away. The Lord loves a cheerful giver. He'll take care of all the editors. Don't worry about the editor He has a charter from the state to act as a doormat for the community. He'll get the paper out somehow; and stand up for you when you run for office, and lie about your pigeon-toad daughter's tackey wedding, and blow about your big-footed sons when they get a $4 per week job, and weep over your shriveled soul when it is released from your grasping body, and smile at your giddy wife's second marriage. He'll get along. The Lord alone knows how—but the editor will get there somehow.

Cascarets stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken; weaken or gripe. 10c.

No Perfect Materials.

If nature or art furnished perfect material; if mass, in all respects, was absolutely homogeneous; if steel—the steel of commerce—was what it purports to be, of uniform consistence throughout the beam or bar or molded form; if wrought iron was free from slag, sand bars, seams, fire cracks and imperfect welds, and always cold short, or red short, or neither; if cast iron never had any blowholes, never was dense on one side and porous on the other, never shrunk unevenly, so that pulley arms pulled off from the hub in the mold never went out into the world tense drawn with internal strains or weakened with cold shuts; if, in fact, in the leading manufactories of the country, such as the Edgar Thomson works, flywheels did not occasionally fly apart, wreck the works and scatter ruin, destruction and death in their path, then material might be tested, not, indeed, in conformity with the assumptions of crude, immature hypotheses, but in accordance with the determined principles of a well developed theory. Steel could then be tested as steel generically, and iron as iron. But as things are, with their unknowable variations and contrarieties, every piece must be treated specifically. It is a law unto itself, and security demands its individual inspection.—N. P. Gladis in "Age of Steel."

Bees' Venom as a Remedy.

A novel undertaking in the manufacture of drugs has been begun by two young pharmacists who have commenced the extraction of the poison from honey bees. They have two different ways of collecting. The bees are caught and held by the abdomen in a small glass tube until the poison sacks have been emptied. In the second they are placed in a bottle on wire netting and enraged until the tiny drops of venom fall into the alcohol which fills part of the bottle. This venom is said to be a remedy for cancer, rheumatism, snake bite and a hundred other ills of humanity.—Medical Press.

Everybody Says So.
Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Wanted for Cash.

$1,000 00 worth of old gold and silver. Hunt up your broken and worn out jewely, tooth-plates, watch-cases—anything that is gold or silver —and bring or send them to H. S. Landis, the Jeweler, 23 South Market St., Frederick, Md., and he will pay you its value in cash or trade. Estimates given on all kinds of gold and silver, subject to your approval. A beautiful line of Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, etc., always on hand. Repairing of all kinds done promptly. If you have any watches, clocks or jewelry you can't get fixed elsewhere, send them in and we will make them right.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

LESSON IX, THIRD QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, AUG. 29.

Text of the Lesson, Acts xix, 21-34 [illegible] ory Verses, 21-26 [illegible] xii, 15—Commentary [illegible] M. Stearns.

21. "After these things were ended, Paul purposed in the spirit to go to Jerusalem, saying, 'After I have been there I must also see Rome.'" Our last lesson in the Acts left Paul at Corinth, where he continued a year and six months teaching the word of God. He then returned to Antioch in Syria, taking Ephesus, Cæsarea and Jerusalem on his way. After some time spent at Antioch Paul started on his third missionary tour, going through Galatia and Phrygia till he came to Ephesus, where he had left Aquila and Priscilla, and to which city he had promised to return, God willing (chapter xviii, 21). He tarried at Ephesus over two years (xix, 10; xx, 31), [illegible] all [illegible] province of Asia heard the word [illegible] that many believed, the name of the Lord Jesus was magnified, the word of God [illegible] mightily and prevailed, and thousands of dollars' worth of bad books were burned. Here begins our lesson.

22. "His purpose was to go through Macedonia and Achaia, where he had been on his previous tour, but he still tarries in Asia a season while he sends Timotheus and Erastus ahead of him into Macedonia. In a future lesson we shall have his testimony as to his labors in Asia. Whether sojourning or journeying his one ambition was that Christ should be magnified in him and that he might better know Him (Phil. i, 20; iii, 10).

23. "And about that time there arose no small stir concerning the way" (R. V.). In the margin of chapter ix, 2, this way is called "The Way." See also in the R. V. chapters xix, 9; xxii, 4; xxiv, 14, 22. Jesus Himself said, "I am the Way" (Jas. xiv, 6). In Ps. cxix, 1, we read, "Blessed are the undefiled in the way who walk in the law of the Lord. It is a heavenly way, but very narrow, and few there be that find it. It is in Him, and with Him and excludes all that is not of Him.

24, 25. "Sirs, ye know that by this craft we have our wealth." This [illegible] ning of the address of Demetrius, a silversmith, to his fellow workmen, whom he had called together. His theme was their craft or trade or manner of making money, a subject which will get an interested audience almost any time. Witness the labor organizations and the strikes often associated therewith in our own day. Whatever will seem to turn more money into people's pockets is apt to be an interesting subject.

26. "Not alone at Ephesus, but almost throughout all Asia, this Paul hath persuaded and turned away much people." What a good testimony to Paul, or rather to the Spirit's work through Paul, in the name of the Lord Jesus! The Lord, through him, had turned many from idols unto God (I Thess. i, 9), so many that the idol business was suffering severely, and those interested were greatly stirred.

27. "Not only this our craft is in danger to be set at nought, but also that the temple of the great goddess Diana should be despised." It would never do to have such magnificence that all the world worshiped, despised, for what would all the world ever do without Diana? Yet three men dared to despise Nebuchadnezzar's image, which all the world worshiped, and the time will come when many will dare to despise another image, which all the world will worship (Rev. xiii, 8, 15), choosing death rather than such favor.

28. "And when they heard they were full of wrath and cried out, saying, 'Great is Diana of the Ephesians.'" Theudas boasted himself to be somebody; Simon the sorcerer gave out that himself was some great one; the coming antichrist will proclaim that he himself is God, and many will believe it, and great will be his wrath against all who oppose him. The devil will gather the armies of earth against God both at the beginning and end of the next thousand years, but all will be overcome by the Lamb, for He is King of kings and Lord of lords (Rev. xix, 19; xx, 8; xvii, 14; II Thess. ii, 4, 8).

29. "And the whole city was filled with confusion." Confusion and chaos are not the work of God, but of the devil, whether in an individual or in a household or in the world, and therefore some think that the work of the devil may be seen as far back in the Bible story as Gen. i, 2; that in the beginning God must have created all things good and that an enemy was responsible for the chaos of verse 2.

30, 31. Paul would willingly have stood by his friends, who for his sake and for Christ's sake were in danger, but his friends would not suffer him. He had already been stoned and left for dead, and he was ready at any time to die for Christ (xiv, 19; xxi, 13). It was never with him a thought of personal comfort, but only of how he could magnify Christ. Sometimes we are compelled by circumstances to go forward when we would fain keep back and sometimes to keep back when we would fain go forward The way of rest is to do what you can—go forward if the way opens, and, if not, stay. "Do as occasion serve thee, for God is with thee" (I Sam. x, 7). Trust Him to manage everything, and believe that He does, and be quiet and confident.

32. "Some therefore cried one thing, and some another, for the [illegible] was confused, and the more part knew not wherefore they were come together." This was not an assembly of believers, but of the world's people, the enemies of God, and yet it is a fair description of the so called church of today, for the preachers are crying one thing and another, and it might be said that the most of those who go to church once a week know not why they go or what they really do believe.

33. [illegible] And they drew Alexander out of the multitude, the Jews putting him forward. If this was the same Alexander as in II Tim. iv, 14, Alexander the coppersmith, then the smiths were right in the [illegible] silversmiths and coppersmiths (verse 24), or, in other words, it was business and idolatry versus Christ. It certainly should not be so that business should be against Christ, but it is too much the case, and will be very decidedly so in the time of Beast coming in power and glory (Rev. xiii, 17; xviii, 11-16).

34. "When they knew that he was a Jew, all with one voice, about the space of two hours, cried out, Great is Diana of the Ephesians." How few cry out, "Great is Jesus of Nazareth!" yet "Him hath God exalted" (Acts v, 31), and given Him a name which is above every name, that at His name every knee should bow (Phil. ii, 9, 10). The time will come when all who exalt themselves against Him shall be brought down, and the Lord alone exalted in that. Therefore it is wise to cease from man whose breath is in his nostrils and to behold the Lord (Isa. ii, 17, 21; iii, 1)

The Amateur Performance.

She—Wasn't she natural in the sleeping scene?

Her Husband—Very. She couldn't have been more natural unless she snored.—Brooklyn Life.

Measuring Brick Work.

To ascertain the number of bricks in a wall, obtain the number of superficial feet and multiply this by 7 for a 4 inch wall, by 14 for a 9 inch wall, by 21 for a 13 inch wall and by 28 for a 17 inch wall. If the wall is [illegible] 17 [illegible]

A FAMOUS BAKERY.

How the Bollands Became Cakemakers For the Royal Family.

In one of the old buildings which bear the architectural imprint of Queen [illegible] Chester, England, is a [illegible] not an ordinary bakeshop. [illegible] the royal arms jut out from the second story, and immediately above is a sign bearing the name "Bollands." And the proximity of the sign to the royal arms is no idle commercial myth to insnare new customers.

In the annals of the tradesfolk of Chester there never was a greater man than Richard Bolland, the original owner of the bakeshop. In 1836 the Duchess of Kent and her young daughter, the Princess Victoria, visited the city for the purpose of officially opening a new bridge that was to bring all kinds of importance and prosperity to the town. Of course it was a immense event for Chester and every one did something to [illegible] honorable [illegible] the visit of th[illegible]

Richard Bolland was ambitious, [illegible] poor, and he churned his brains mightily to devise some attractive method of showing his loyal appreciation of the visit. In a happy moment he decided to make some small cakes of transcendent excellence, put them in a fancy box and present them to the young princess.

Happy thought! Potent cakes! Great Bolland!

The next year the little princess, whose palate had been enchanted by the flavor of the Chester cakes, became queen of England, and one of the first acts after her accession in 1837 was the appointment of Bolland as one of the queen's warrant holders. So much for the power of a box of small cakes.

How long the flavor of those cakes lingered in the royal memory is shown by the fa[illegible] 25 years later, when the Prin[illegible] was to be married, Victoria [illegible] commission to Bolland to prepare [illegible] wedding cake for that great [illegible] no ordinary wed[illegible] Mr. Bolland produced [illegible] its exhibition earned him such tremendous fame that every English bride of wealth and prominence who has married since then has had the Chester baker prepare her wedding cake.

Descendants of the original Bolland now conduct the shop, but they use the same recipe that proved so successful in the days of Victoria's childhood, and still bake cakes for the royal family.—Philadelphia Press.

Pictures for Sale.

The Mite Society of St. Paul's Lutheran church, this place, are selling photographs of the exterior and interior of the church, also a view of Myersville looking north from the church belfry and another looking south. They are cabinet size and are excellent pictures. The price for one picture is 20c., two 35c.; three 50c., and for the four 65c. The proceeds will go to the church, and anyone wishing the pictures, thereby helping to diminish the church debt, can procure them by sending the required amount with their address, designating the ones they want, to either Miss Edith Zimmerman or Miss Marge Wachtel. Enclose two cents for postage. *

Official Time Table

In Effect June 20, 1897.

SUMMER SCHEDULE. FREDERICK & MIDDLETOWN ELECTRIC RAILROAD.

Leave Frederick	Arrive Middletown	Leave Middletown	Arrive Frederick
6.00 A. M.	6.53 A. M.	5.00 A. M.	5.50 A. M.
8.25 "	9.25 "	7.00 "	7.50 "
*9.55 "	10.45 "	*9.50 "	10.40 "
11.05 "	11.55 "	12.00 Noon.	1.00 P. M.
*1.05 P. M.	2.05 P. M.	*1.00 P. M.	2.00 "
*2.05 "	3.05 "	*2.20 "	3.10 "
4.25 "	5.25 "	3.10 "	4.00 "
*6.05 "	7.05 "	*6.10 "	7.00 "
8.10 "	9.10 "	7.10 "	8.00 "

*Trips Marked with a Star (*) will run up to the Heights.

John J. Remsburg, Ph. G.,
PRESCRIPTION ❊ DRUGGIST,
165 N. Market St., Frederick, Md.
A complete and selected stock of Pure Drugs Chemicals and Fine Toilet Articles. Prescriptions a specialty. [aug27.

D. Liebman,
MAKER OF FINE CIGARS
and Dealer in all kinds of Smokers' Articles,
N. E. cor. Patrick and Court Streets, Frederick, Md.
Ask for the
"[illegible] There,"
"Mexican," and
"La Industria"
for a delightful
Five Cent Smoke.
The "Joker" and "Preciosa" are the best cigars made at
...2...4...5...

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

The Tax Books are now ready and the Collector would call the attention of the Taxpayers for 1897 to section 46, Article 81, Revised Code of Maryland:

"All persons who shall pay their State Taxes on or before the first day of September of the year for which they were levied, shall be entitled to a deduction of five per centum on the amount of said taxes; all that shall pay the same on or before the first day of October, of the said year, shall be entitled to a deduction of four per centum; and all who shall pay the same on or before the first day of November of said year shall be entitled to a deduction of three per centum.

The taxes on incomes from mortgages becomes due September 1st, 1897.

J. WILLIAM BAUGHMAN,
jul23-t oct30. Collector.

TALK OF THE TOWN
THE NEW NO. 9,
WHEELER & WILSON
SEWING MACHINE.
—Sold on Easy Monthly Payments.—
—$3.00 Per Month.—
Save from $10 to $15 per Machine by purchasing from us.
SINGER MACHINES $25.00 CASH.
CHILTON & RHOADS,
Headquarters for Sewing Machines.
153 NORTH MARKET STREET,
FREDERICK, MD.

More

Medicinal value in a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla than in any other preparation.
More [illegible] is required, more care taken, more expense incurred in its manufacture. It costs the proprietor and the dealer
More but it costs the consumer *less*, as he gets more doses for his money.
More curative power is secured by its peculiar combination, proportion and process, which make it peculiar to itself.
More people are employed and more space occupied in its Laboratory than any other.
More wonderful cures effected and more testimonials received than by any other.
More sales and more increase year by year are reported by druggists.
More people are taking Hood's Sarsaparilla today than any other, and more are taking it today than ever before.
More and STILL MORE reasons might be given why you should take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. $1 per bottle.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25 cents.

A Novel Mousetrap.

Professor Alsuel says: Sticky fly paper used in summer to catch flies is said to make an excellent mousetrap. Lay a sheet of it in front of the hole from which the mice emerge, and it will hold them fast until you can capture them. The same paper can be used again and again. This is better than poisoning them, allowing them to retreat into their holes and there decay offensively.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for County Treasurer for Frederick County, subject to the decision of the Republican Nominating Convention, and earnestly solicit the support of my friends throughout the county. GEO. L. KAUFMAN.
aug20-t.c.

TO THE VOTERS OF FREDERICK COUNTY.

I beg leave to offer myself to the voters of Frederick County for the voters of Frederick County for the important office of County Commissioner, subject to the action of the Republican County Nominating Convention. CHAS. E. MEALEY.
aug20-t.c.

FOR REGISTER OF WILLS.

To the Voters of Frederick County.
I most respectfully announce myself as a candidate for the next Register of Wills of Frederick county; subject to the decision of the Republican County Nominating Convention. Thanking you for the very generous support given me in past conventions.
C. E. SAYLOR,
aug20-tc. Johnsville District, No. 17.

For Register of Wills.

To the Republicans of Frederick County:
At the request of numerous friends, I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for the office of Register of Wills for Frederick county; subject to the decision of the ensuing Nominating Convention, I pledge myself if nominated and elected to discharge the duties of the office to the utmost of my ability.
HARRY B. WITTER.
may28-tc. Frederick District.

FOR CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT.

At the earnest solicitation of my many friends throughout the county, I herewith announce myself a candidate for Clerk to the Circuit Court of Frederick County, subject to the decision of the Republican Nominating Convention. S. T. HAFFNER.
jun18 tc.

CANDIDATE FOR CLERK.

DOUGLASS H. HARGETT,
SUBJECT TO REPUBLICAN NOMINATING CONVENTION.
jun18-tc.

REGISTER OF WILLS

To the Democratic Voters of Frederick County, Md.
I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Register of Wills for Frederick County, subject to the decision of the nominating convention of the party. CHAS. C. WATERS,
aug27tc.] Frederick Dist., No. 2.

FOR CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County, subject to the decision of the Republican Nominating Convention.
S. ELMER BROWN,
aug27tc. Frederick, Dist., No. 2.

FOR CLERK OF THE COURT.

To the Republicans of Frederick Co.:
I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County, subject to the decision of the Republican Nominating Convention, and respectfully solicit your support.
HARRY W. BOWERS,
aug27tc. Frederick, Md.

FOR CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT.

At the earnest solicitation of many friends throughout the county, I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County, subject to the decision of the Democratic Nominating Convention.
JAMES P. BISER,
aug20tc. Petersville Dist., No. 12.

FREE. ✦ FREE.

A HANDSOME FULL
LIFE SIZE CRAYON PORTRAIT
FREE.

As a compliment to our many patrons, and the public generally for a short time we are going to give to every purchaser of Twenty-five Dollars (25.00) worth of goods, a fine full

Life Size Crayon Portrait Free.

There is not a family but possesses some picture of father or [illegible] brother [illegible] reproduced in a life-like and durable manner. Call at once and see specimens at our store.

What more suitable for a present? And, as our liberal offer will insure immediate orders in large numbers, your early visit is desired.

TO SECURE ONE OF THESE PORTRAITS

you first trade Twenty-five Dollars with us, then give us any picture of yourself or friends that you wish to have enlarged.

GEO. W. BITTLE,
oct9-tf] MYERSVILLE, MD.

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We offer this unequaled newspaper and THE GUIDE together one year for $1.40.

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The Man Who Toils

should have the full value for the money he spends.

I have now in stock a full line of Spring and Summer Goods, such as Ladies Dress Ginghams, Worsteds. A full line Cottonades, lower in price than they have ever been, and also pants and overalls. Also just received a new lot of Ladies' and Men's Shoes at low prices. Also a full line of all kinds of Dry Goods and Notions, usually kept in a country store.

Joseph Brown.

SPECIAL BARGAINS ❊
in Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Clocks, Spectacles, etc. A most beautiful

NEW [illegible] OF GOODS [illegible] received, at remarkably low prices. Everything First Quality, Everything Guaranteed. All kinds of Watch, Clock and Jewelry repairing most skillfully and promptly done. Old gold and silver bought at H. S. LANDIS' Jewelry Store, 23 S. Market St., Frederick Md., between Square and B. & O. Station.

KNABE PIANOS
UNEQUALLED IN
Tone Touch, Workmanship and Durability.
SECOND-HAND PIANOS.

A large stock at all prices, constantly on hand, comprising some of our own make, but slightly used. Sole agents for the Celebrated

SMITH AMERICAN ORGANS.
Baltimore, 22 & 24 E. Baltimore St., New York, 148 Fifth Ave., Washington, 1422 Penn. Ave., N. W.

Morriss Chairs at Etchison's, $4.75.

Oak Extension Tables, $3.50. Ladies' Dressing Glass, $10. Chamber Suits, $14.00. Upholstered Window Chairs, $7.00. Look in the issue of June 19th and see prices of other dealers on the same pieces of furniture and you will find Etchison's prices 20 per cent cheaper, and better goods at Etchison's the Furnisher of homes.

Do you want [illegible] Job Printing?
If you do, and want the best at the lowest rates, submit your work to the Guide Publishing Company,

FOR SALE:—A lot of fine chestnut shingles. LAWSON HAUPT, Myersville Md.

Sometime.

Sometime, we shall know why
Our sunniest mornings change to noons of rain;
And why our steps are shadowed so by pain,
And why we often lie
On couches sown with thorns of care and doubt;
And why our lives are thickly hedged about
With bars that put our loftiest plans to rout.

Sometime, we shall know why
Our dearest hopes are swept so swift away,
And why our brightest flowers first decay:
Why song is lost in sigh,
Why clasping fingers slip so soon apart—
Estrangement, space, and death rend heart from heart,
Until from deepest depths the tear-drops start.

Sometime, we all shall know
Each other, aye, as we ourselves are known,
And see how out of darkness light has grown;
And He—who loves us so,
Despite our wilfulness and blind complaint,
Will show us how His kind and calm restraint
Can mould a human soul into a saint.

Sometime, our eyes shall see
[illegible] living to the dar[illegible]st cloud,
[illegible] silvery echoes follow thunders loud
Sometime, our hearts shall be
Content, forgetting all our restless moods,
And knowing everything has worked for good—
The how, and when, and why, be understook.

LOCAL NOTES.

Events of Local and General Interest Gathered Here and There.

There were 40,169 applications for pensions in the month of June.

The cornerstone of the new Methodist Episcopal Church at Emmittsburg was laid Tuesday afternoon.

Hood's pills are purely vegetable and do not purge pain or gripe. All druggists.

Rev. J. E. Bittle, of Turtle Creek, Pa., preached an excellent sermon in the Lutheran church this place on last Sunday evening.

WHEN bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed. 10c, 25c.

Mr. S. M. Kefauver, Middletown, received premiums at Upper Marlboro fair on eighteen different kinds of chickens; also on his ducks and geese.

Prof. Chas. T. Guyton, of Arnoldstown, will be at the Wolfsville picnic on September 4th with his phonograph.

Mr. L. B. K. Claggett, of Petersville, and Mr. Pearre, Frederick, two young law students, were recently admitted to the bar.

Richard C. Sappington, a prominent farment farmer of Liberty district, filed a petition of insolvency in the Circuit Court.

Mr. Carroll Mercer, Col. L. Victor Baughman are arranging to build a club fishing house on the Monocacy river near the Georgetown bridge.

Prof. Chas. T. Guyton, of Arnoldstown, this county who was badly injured by a barn door falling upon him several months ago, is now able to be about again.

Will you give up all that health means to you? If not, look out for impure blood. Cure boils, pimples, humors and all scrofulous tendencies by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

There were 95 train accidents in in the United States during the month of June, of which 40 were collisions, 52 derailments and 3 other accidents. 45 persons were killed and 127 injured.

The corn packing season began at the McMurray factory in Frederick last Friday. At the Frederick City Packing Company's factory over five hundred hands are at work, and 125,000 cans a day will be packed.

VISITED BLACK ROCK.

A Number of Young People Visit the Mountains to View This Wonderful Work of Nature.

On Tuesday last a party of thirteen young persons drove from here to the Black Rock, which is situated along the historic South Mountain, about one and a half miles west of Wolfsville. They left Myersville shortly after noon, and, arriving at Pleasant Walk, a guide was secured for the remainder of the journey. The heavy rain of the previous evening had torn the roads so badly as to make them almost impassable, and it was with much difficulty that the teams were gotten up the mountain, the entire party walking part of the distance, and several of the ladies and gentlemen the entire distance from Pleasant Walk. Arriving at the Black Rock Springs, the teams were left there and the crowd proceeded to the Rock. The atmosphere was very hazy and obscured the beautiful scenery to be had from there, but this magnificent and stupendous work of nature was in itself a grand and inspiring sight and elicited many exclamations of wonder and admiration. After spending a short while on the summit the party descended to the foot of the Rocks and continued on down across [illegible] immense bed of rocks below to [illegible] woods, from where a perfect view could be had of the great natural curiosity towering in all its grandeur hundreds of feet above their heads. After spending about two hours in the vicinity they returned to the springs and started for home. Much difficulty was again experienced in getting out of the mountain, and they arrived in Myersville at about 8 o'clock, p. m., very tired but highly gratified with the trip.

Those in the party were: Miss Nellie Cole, of Frederick, Misses Loula Wachtel, Eva [illegible], Jennie Harp, Edith Zimmerman and Annie Poffinberger; Messrs. Edward [illegible]aing and F. D. Mowen, of Plainfield, N. J., Albert J. Harp, Melvin F. Shepley, Clarence Zimmerman, G. Emerson Mowen and Waldo R. Mowen.

KEEP your blood pure, your appetite good, your digestion perfect by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has power to keep you **WELL.**

NEW ROAD NOTES.

Directors of the Proposed Electric Road to Meet Those of the F. & M. Road.

The directors of the proposed Electric Railroad between here and Middletown will meet the directors of the Frederick & Middletown Railroad in Frederick on Monday next, and at this meeting definite arrangements looking toward an early start in the construction of the road will be made.

President Geo. Wm. Smith, of the F. & M. Road, accompanied by an experienced engineer, will look over the route already surveyed between here and Middletown, next week.

Missed the Boat.

The Bay Ridge Excursion from Frederick on Wednesday of last week accompanied by the National Cornet Band, of this place, did not reach Baltimore until too late to [illegible] the boat, so the excursionists had to wait in Baltimore until afternoon.

Passed the Bar.

Mr. J. Frank Butts, son of Isaiah Butts, of near Middletown, formerly of this place, passed a very creditable examination made by the committee as attorney at law. He began the course under A. C. Strite, Esq., of Hagerstown, and later with John C. Motter, Esq., of Frederick, and remained with him until the course was completed.

Resulted Fatally,

E. Gregg Eichelberger, who was struck by a Western Maryland passenger train at Graceham crossing, Frederick county, on the afternoon of August 2, died at the City Hospital, Baltimore, last Friday morning. His death was directly due to concussion of the brain. His collar-bone and several of his ribs were also broken.

Remsburg Reunion.

On Monday last Rev. W. L. Remsburg and family attended a reunion of the children of the late Daniel Remsburg, at the residence of Ezra Remsburg, at Middletown. Among those present were Chas. P. Remsburg wife and sister Jennie, of Springfield, O; Ezra Remsburg and family. Mr. Chas. Remsburg, wife and sister Jennie left for Springfield Monday afternoon.

Bees in Church.

The congregation of the Christian Church at Redland, this county, of which Rev. Mr. Rayfield is pastor, had an experience on Sunday the 15, that somewhat disturbed the serenity of the service. A bee got into the low quartered shoe of the Sunday school superintendent, who was worshiping devoutly in his pew. The little insect stung him severely. After he had liberated it, another flew into the church and lit on the parsons head and stung him. The two bees were only the vanguard of a large swarm of them that soon entered the church, and made a general assault. Dozens of those in the church were stung. It was sometime before the intruders were driven out and order restored.

A Great Project.

Railroad men manifest much interest in the plans of the Baltimore, Cincinnati and Western Railway Company, which has placed on record in Baltimore a mortgage for $18,000,000 to secure an issue of eighteen thousand $1,000 five per cent. gold bonds, dated March 1, 1897, to be redeemable fifty years hence. The project is to run a line between Baltimore and Cincinnatti, through the states of Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia and Ohio. The proposed route passes through several counties in Maryland, including Frederick. A copy of the mortgage was filed in the clerk's office in Frederick Saturday and is the largest ever put on record there.

A Desperate Darkey.

Harry Jeans, colored, was arrested in Frederick last Saturday night by Policeman Stone and Deputy Game Warden Stroup, of New Market district, and given over to County Constable Simpson, charged with assault and highway robbery on Wm. Stewart. The assault took place Saturday night on the Baltimore pike near the Monocacy bridge. Stewart was overtaken by Jeans, who asked permission to ride, which was given. The colored man struck Stewart across the face with the buggy whip and threatened to kill him if he did not give up his money. In the scuffle the colored man secured three one dollar notes and some silver, but dropped the notes, which were afterward found by County Constable Simpson. Jeans was given a hearing on Monday before Magistrate White, and was held in the sum of $150 bail on the charge of assault with intent to rob, and in the sum of $50 on the charge of resisting arrest. Not being able to furnish the required bail he was committed to jail for the action of the grand jury.

A Remarkable Cure of Chronic Diarrhoea.

In 1862, when I served my country as a private in Company A, 167th Pennsylvania Volunteers, I contracted chronic diarrhoea. It has given me a great deal of trouble ever since. I have tried a dozen different medicines and several prominent doctors without any permanent relief. Not long ago a friend sent me a sample bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and after that I bought and took a 50 cent bottle; and now I can say that I am entirely cured. I cannot be thankful enough to you for this great Remedy, and recommend it to all suffering veterans. If in doubt write me. Yours gratefully, HENRY STEINBERGER, Allentown, Pa. Sold by George W. Bittle, Myersville; T. F. Bittle, Ellerton; J. H. Maugans, Wolfsville.

Subscribe for the GUIDE now.

FLIGHT OF A BANKER.

Wm. A. Mansfield, Accused of Violating the Internal Revenue Law, Secures His Money and Valuables and Mysteriously Dissapears.

Information was lodged with Deputy United States Marshal E. Y. Goldsborough on Thursday of last week by Internal Revenue Collector M. R. Hawkins against Wm. A. Mansfield, a banker and broker of Frederick, who is accused of violation of the internal revenue laws by selling cigars out of an old box, which were of a different brand He is also accused of selling certain brands of cigarettes in boxes bearing the brands of other makers. Mansfield conducted a little cigar stand in connection with his brokerage office. He admitted to the officers that he had sold the cigars as charged. Mansfield, becoming very much alarmed, [illegible] Tuesday afternoon for parts unknown. About a week before he made an effort to purchase some "Grandlation" cigars of Mr. H. F. Kline, a cigar manufacturer, and being unable to effect the deal, it is alleged, procured some old boxes of the desired brand and placed inferior cigars in them. Learning of this, Mr. Kline notified the deputy internal revenue collector, who placed the case in the hands of U. S. Marshal Goldsborough. While the necessary papers were being prepared to make an arrest Mansfield quietly collected all of his things together and left the city. He bought a ticket to Bruceville, Md., over the Pennsylvania Railroad at 3 o'clock p. m., and at that station purchased a through ticket to Philadelphia. When he failed to return to return to his home on Thursday night his wife, who is a Frederick county lady, went to his office and was surprised at the state of affairs. She was much distressed and unable to account for his strange actions, as he failed to inform her of leaving the city. Mr. Mansfield appeared in Frederick several years ago and opened a banking and brokerage business. He seemed to have plenty of money and almost any respectable-looking person could borrow small sums of five or ten dollars on an individual note. At the same time he advertised for deposits upon which he allowed 6 percent for daily balances. He soon commenced to do a fair business, as it is alleged he had about 150 depositors, mainly laboring people, who had to their credit sums ranging from five to twenty dollars. How much of this money he had on hand when he left no one seems to know. John R. Crawford, a laboring man, swore out an attachment for $30, representing the balance he had to his credit in Mansfield's hands. Wertheimer Bros. also swore out an attachment for money owed the firm for cigars, but the Central National Bank had already attached the office effects for three months' rent.

Attending Fairs.

Mr. D. Edward Kefauver, residing at the fountain east of Middletown, left last week with two herd of 21 Herford cattle for Syracuse, N. Y., where he will exhibit the stock at the fair there. He will be absent for 60 days and in that time will exhibit his Herfords at a number of fairs. He will reach home in time for the Frederick and Hagerstown fairs.

A Habitual Drunkard.

A jury was summoned last Saturday morning to inquire into the condition of Mrs. Lavinia C. Huffer, wife of John Huffer, Lappans. C. D. and J. E. Wagaman represented Mr. Huffer; W. H. A. Hamilton for Mrs. Huffer. The jury decided that Mrs. Huffer was a habitual drunkard and not capable of taking care of herself. No witnesses testified, Mrs. Huffer's attorney acknowledging the charge. Judge Stake will send her to a suitable institution until she is cured.

Honest Farmers.

A Frederick county farmer delivered to a dealer in Frederick last Friday 1,600 bushels of wheat, for which he was paid at the rate of 70 cents a bushel, to be delivered August 20. There was no written agreement but the wheat was delivered as contracted for. A number of other farmers had their entire crops to deliver this month which they sold at 65 to 67 cents per bushel. Written contracts were made in no instance, but the farmers say they feel in honor bound to live up to their word, notwithstanding the temptation of the rise in the wheat market.

Aged Footprints.

Dr. James A. Mitchell, of Mt. St. Mary's College, Emmittsburg, has presented to Dr. Philip Uhler, for the Peabody Institute, Baltimore, a large slab of sandstone bearing the fossil footprints on the red sandstone of the ancient shore of the Jura Trias. He has also presented one of a similar description to Prof. A. Bibbins, of the Woman's College, of Baltimore, for the use of the students in that institution. Dr. Mitchell says that the dinosuer which made the footprints walked over the soft sand on the ancient shore probably ten millions of years ago.

Mr. James Plunkard, of near Walkersville, this county, has lost in all eleven head of cattle from rabies.

It is always gratifying to receive testimonials for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and when the the endorsement is from a physician it is especially so. "There is no more satifactory or effective remedy than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," writes Dr. R. E. Robey, physician and pharmacist, of Olney, Mo.; and as he has used the Remedy in his own family and sold it in his drug store for six years he should certainly know. For sale by George W. Bittle, Myersville; T. F. Bittle, Ellerton; J. H. Maugans, Wolfsville.

A DEAD BODY FOUND.

Wm. Smith of Near Woodsboro, Found Dead in a Lime Kiln—Thought to Have Fallen In.

Early on last Sunday morning the dead body of William Smith, a resident of near Woodsboro, this county, was found lying dead at the bottom of an embankment at Samuel Barrick's lime kiln, with every appearance of having fallen there during the night before Smith was between sixty and seventy years of age, and lived near the lime kilns for a number of years past, working for the LeGore lime works. He was last seen on Saturday evening near the kilns and those who know him are of the opinion that he wandered to the top and while there was seized with a faintness and fell over the embankment, a distance of about twenty-five feet. The unfortunate man fell on his [illegible] received injuries that undoubtedly caused instant death. An ugly cut on the top of his head was among the injuries he received.

While the prevailing opinion is that Smith fell over the embankment, the place is regarded as a dangerous section and it might have been that he was knocked over.

THE WORK OF DEATH.

PALMER.—On Sunday, 15 inst., Mr. Lawson Palmer, a former well known and respected resident of Middletown Valley, died at his home in Easton, Pa., aged 70 years, the eldest son of the late Jacob Palmer. In 186[illegible] he married Margaret Stotelmyer, of Wolfsville, this valley, and spent the next eight years in Indiana. Returning to Middletown valley in 187[illegible], he dwelt near Ellerton until 1882, when he removed to Easton, Pa., where he has since resided. He is survived by his wife and two sons—J. A. Palmer, chief assayer of the Henna. Lead Co., in Carnegie, near Pittsburg, and A. C. Palmer, a teacher in St. Luke's School, Philadelphia. He also leaves four brothers and one sister. His funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon following, interment in Easton Cemetery.

SHAW—Mrs. Wm. Show, an aged lady of near Bolivar, died on Wednesday last of dropsy. A grown son and daughter survive her.

The Fairs.

Secretary Harry C. Keefer, of the Frederick County Agricultural Society, and his assistants are busy receiving and answering applications for space filled by exhibitors, letters from horsemen with fast flyers to enter the races, and communications from owners of attractions of various kinds who desire to secure engagements for the fair. Many fine features will be obtained by the management this year, and owing to the prosperity among the farmers it is thought that the fair will be larger and better than ever before.

The Agricultural and Mechanical Association of Washington county, will hold its annual fair at Hagerstown on October 12, 13, 14 and 15. This will be the forty-second annual exhibition, and a supreme effort is being made by the Association to make it bigger, better and brighter than ever before.

Washington County.

Charles A. Spangler has been appointed fire marshal of Hagerstown.

Christopher Keedy, residing on the Mullendore farm, near Rohrersville, had four cows killed by lightning on Mondny.

D. G. W. Snyder, near Williansport has a curiosity in the shape of a small chicken that was hatched with four legs.

Another monument is in course of construction on the Antietam Battlefield. It is by the Twenty-first Massachusetts Regment.

The Republican primaries in Washington county resulted in a victory for the anti-Cook element, which is friendly to Senator Wellington.

A portion of a cannon was dug up by ditchers in Hagerstown, supposed to be part of a gun which burst on Fourth of July celebration in 1829 and killed George Boward, who was sitting on it. Cannon avenue was named in remembrance of the incident.

Charles Lampe, aged about sixty years, of Hagerstown, while walking on a high trestle in Chambersburg at night was struck by a freight train and hurled to the ground, breaking several of his ribs and crushing his shoulder.

The toll-gatherer on the Cearfoss turnpike, Washington county, is again collecting one cent toll from wheelmen after an unsuccessful attempt to do so a year ago. It is contended that the road is still in bad condition.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco [illegible] and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac of your druggist, under guarantee to cure, 50c or $1.00. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy always affords you prompt relief. For sale by Geo. W. Bittle, Myersville, T. F. Bittle, Ellerton: J. H. Maugans, Wolfsville.

WANTED.—Blacksmith with set of tools to take shop in Lime Kiln at once; a good house and lot attached. Work for owner will pay rent. Write to or call on Charles Rohrback, Lime Kiln, B. & O. R. R., Frederick county, Md. *

FOR SALE:—A new "Standard" sewing machine. Will trade on small driving horse or a cow. Apply at this office. 6-2tf.

AN INCENDIARY FIRE.

Frame Barn of Mr. Hiram Stottlemyer, Near Pleasant Walk, Burned.

The frame barn of Mr. Hiram Stottlemyer, [illegible] west of here, was destroyed [illegible] on Saturday morning last together with its contents, consisting of a new Birdsell wagon, a mower, a number of plows, lot of harness, etc. A quantity of hay and other feed was burned.

Mr. Stottlemyer was in Pleasant Walk and the rest of the family were attending the picnic near there when the fire was discovered by Mr. Victor Smith who was on his way to the picnic. Mr. Smith tore down some fence between the barn and house and then proceeded to Pleasant Walk where he gave the alarm.

The barn [illegible] feet including [illegible] pen was also destroyed. The fire was of supposed incendiary origin.

Mr. Stottlemyer estimates his loss [illegible]1,300, which is partly covered by insurance.

MATTERS IN MARYLAND.

In Washington county anti-Wellington delegates to the State convention were elected.

Solomon Truitt, aged 60, and William Pearce, aged 19, are in jail at Chestertown, charged with attempting to assault little girls.

The Chesapeake and Ohio Canal has again posted notices prohibiting all persons from traveling on the tow-path.

A passenger train ran over John Robertson near Westminster, and in stopping to pick him up was run into [illegible] train, causing some wreckage to cars, but no injury to passengers.

Jethro Robertson was released on bail for court, charged with attempting a felonious assult on a girl, aged ten years. daughter of John H. Parker, of Sharptown, Wicomico county.

Henry Johnson. colored, over seventy years of age, made a murderous assault upon his wife in Howard county and is supposed to have committed suicide.

At Cumberland Sunday night Robert Cowell shot William Long in the right arm and struck John Taylor with a gun. Both of them are badly hurt.

John D. Marshal, of Prince George's county, who was shot on Monday, died at Providence Hospital, in Washington, D. C. A colored man is under arrest on suspicion of having murdered him.

A skeleton the skull of which was factured and the wrists encased in handcuffs was dug up on the premises of Dr. Cocker, Queenstown, the site of the first jail in Queen Anne's erected in the last century, when Queenstown was the county-seat.

An Interesting Fact.

At Main's Furniture & Stove Store, you can get best value for your money. See our 8-Piece Solid Oak Bed Room Suit for $13.75, also our $75.00 Suits for $50.00. $50.00 Sewing Machines for $20.00. Latest 1897 Bicycles only $25.00. The Manufacturer's Supply Co., M. L. Main, Manager, 11 & 13 E. Franklin St., next to Market House, Hagerstown, Md.

It is rumored in Frederick that Mr. John C. Motter proposes to withdraw as a candidate for judge in favor of Hon. Milton G. Urner.

No Gripe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take

Hood's Pills

and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

—THE—

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ESTABLISHED 1773.

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Daily and Sunday three months	1.30
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THE TWICE-A-WEEK AMERICAN

The Cheapest and Best Family Newspaper Published.

Only One Dollar a Year.
Six Months, 50 Cents.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK AMERICAN is published in two issues, Tuesday and Friday mornings, with the news of the week in compact shape. It also contains interesting special correspondence, entertaining romances, good poetry, local matter of general interest and fresh miscellany suitable for the home circle. A carefully edited Agricultural Department and full and reliable Market Reports, are special features.

CHAS. C. FULTON & CO.,
FELIX AGNUS, Manager and Publisher,
AMERICAN OFFICE,
BALTIMORE, MD.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. I. C. Remsburg, of Baltimore, on Wednesday joined his wife and little daughter who were visiting relatives and friends in this place and vicinity. They will return to Baltimore today.

Rev. R. Byrd and little daughter, Pauline, will leave to-day on a visit to his mother who resides in Berkley county, Va.

Miss Nellie Cole, Frederick, spent several days this week with the family of Mrs. Joseph Harp, this place.

Mrs. Lillie Middleton, of Washington, D. C., who is visiting at the home of Mr. Isaiah Butts, near Middletown, spent several days with the family of the editor and other friends in this vicinity, accompanied by her little daughter Grace.

Miss C[illegible] Flook, of Foxville spent [illegible] at the home of her father, [illegible] E. Flook, Pleasant Walk.

Mrs. Frank Brining and son Ralph, of West Grove, Pa., accompanied by Mr. Vincent Flook, of Boonsboro, visited Mr. Flook's daughter Mrs. Wm. G. Moser, this place, yesterday.

Has Not Returned.

A number of reports, many of them conflicting, are in circulation over the absence from home of Mr. Alvey Shank, a young farmer of near this place, who left home on Tuesday of last week to go on the excursion from Frederick to Bay Ridge on the following day, and has not returned. He is said to have told parties from here that it was his intention to never return, and we are informed that word has been received from him from Toledo, Ohio. He is also said to have taken with him a large sum of money at least $500 and possibly $700, the proceeds of a portion of the wheat crop. He left here a wife and small child.

Mr. Henry A. Drary's dwelling house in Anne Arundel county was burned.

Joseph Sterling is in Centreville Jail on a charge of felonious assault upon a girl under the age of consent.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER [illegible]

PICNIC DIRECTORY.

We are officially informed that the Lutheran Sunday school of Wolfsville will pic-nic on Saturday Sept. 4, in Warrenfeltz's woods about a half mile west of the church.

The Middletown picnic will be held in Mrs. Young's grove on Saturday, August 28th.

The Bethel Sunday school, on the road leading from Wolfsville to Foxville, will be held on Aug. 28th.

There will be only two registration days this fall—September 28th and October 5th.

Tetter, Salt-Rheum and Eczema.

The intense itching and smarting, incident to these diseases, is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples, chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites and chronic sore eyes. 25 cts. per box.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders, are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. They are not food but medicine and the best in use to put a horse in prime condition. Price 25 cents per package.

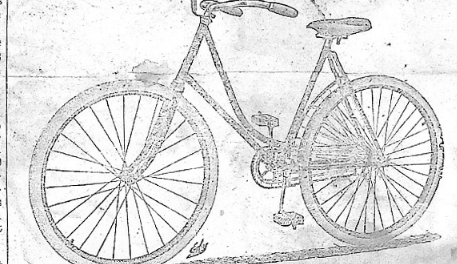
For sale by Geo. W. Bittle, Myersville; T. F. Bittle, Ellerton; J. H. Maugans, Wolfsville.

Too Busy to Write Advertisements.

ONLY TO SAY WE HAVE

7 ORIOLE D or DUKE Bicycles - - - $17.90.

15 1897 GEM Bicycles - - - - - $23.90.



—JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE LOT OF—

FINE PARLOR SUITS

—AT UNHEARD OF PRICES AT—

MAIN'S FURNITURE and STOVE STORE,

See our 7 Piece Hair Cloth Parlor Suites Reduced to $22.50.

The Manufacturers' Supply Company,

11 & 13 E. FRANKLIN ST., NEAR MARKET,

HAGERSTOWN, - - - - - MARYLAND.

SELLING OUT [illegible] AT COST!

C. E. Cline's entire stock of Carpets, Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, &c., &c.

Now is a chance of your lifetime to buy your Spring Goods from this big stock at COST PRICES. This is the largest sale in this line ever offered in Frederick. Come in and get BARGAINS.

C. E. CLINE,

apr2. Market St., near Patrick, Frederick, Md.

NEW SPRING FABRICS.

Having just returned from the city we can show you a line of

NEW * SPRING * DRESS * GOODS,

in all of the Novelties of the Season. See our line of

Light Percales and Cheviots, for Waists, Shirts,

Etc. Regular Beauties. Our line of LACES and EMBROIDERIES are all in new and exclusive patterns. We are showing a big drive in a [illegible]

Gent's Laundried Percales

RENNER & KEMP.—Popular Dry Goods House.

FREDERICK, MD.

TIGER MEN IN AFRICA.

[illegible]

One has to experience [illegible] tion to fully realize what it means. I had heard about tiger men and their deeds for some years, but they seemed to be a thing of the past until their doings were revived in the spring of 1894.

There is a belief among the natives that if one kills 10 chickens, 10 ducks, 10 goats, 10 children, 10 women and 10 men he will never die, and to gain this desired end people are murdered by wholesale. We lost goats through tiger men in 1890, but as no person was killed no one paid much attention.

The murderer dresses himself in a tiger skin and walks on all fours when-ever near persons he wishes to kill, but when alone he walks erect. Small [illegible] in the belt of his dress are the instruments with which these foul deeds are committed. One morning in March, 1894, we were told that a little girl and her mother had been killed the previous night. The woman was awakened by some strange noise and found the tiger man trying to carry her child away. She fought for the little girl and was cut so badly that she died before morning. The girl was taken away, and only her hands were found. The rest of the body was carried off. The whole country was aroused, but no one seemed to know who did it.

Not long after a little boy was killed while camping in the forest with a lot of older people to gather palm nuts. As soon as all was quiet again and the natives began to feel safe another case happened, and finally few persons dared to go out after night. During the year 1894, 24 murders came to our attention. One of our former mission boys, a lad of 15, was killed, and only his head was found. We determined then to stop this horrid custom if we could. We inquired of influential men who the murderer was. Every one of them named the same person, or, rather, two persons. We promised that we would not betray the natives and asked the French official what should be done. He authorized us to arrest the tiger men if we could.

We called a big meeting of all the influential men of the county, and of course we sent a special invitation to the tiger men. All the people came, and we soon had the two murderers in our power and sent them to Mayumba. The French agent there kept them locked up a little while and then let them go. It was too much trouble for him to sift the matter, and what did he care if a few more niggers were killed? While this was going on we lost three goats *in one night*. They were killed by *tiger men* to show their appreciation of our part in the matter. The men who had been released never came back to our country, but went away to another district. Our natives were disgusted with the government because these murderers were let go.

Shortly after a woman was killed some six miles from us. We offered the chief our assistance, but he did not seem willing to deliver up the man, although he had been caught in the act. But the man got his deserts soon enough. The woman was leaving her house in the evening with her daughter. Soon the girl called out, "Father, some one is hurting mother." The father came running, picking up a heavy stick as he ran, and he struck the tiger man across the back, disabling him. After awhile the chief and some others took the tiger man into the bush and gave him the "sass" wood poison, and when the man died they threw his body away. The chief told us this was the only way to get rid of the tiger men. There was no use in taking them to the French. Justice would not be meted out to them, and if they were not punished severely they would return and kill more people.

This was indeed the right thing to do, as the event proved. It did frighten other tiger men for a time at least, and we heard nothing more of them while we were in the French Kongo.—New York Sun.

THE BLOODHOUND.

Interesting Facts About One of the Most Interesting of Dogs.

For stateliness of appearance no breed of dog is comparable to the bloodhound, while the stories attending its unerring pursuit of its quarry have furnished the novelist with material of the most exciting character. But it is a fiction to associate the bloodhound with ferocity. He never worries or mangles what he tracks down. His vocation is to find, and to find only, whether engaged in pursuit of man or of wounded deer.

The bloodhound has figured in history from time immemorial, and no breed of dog has preserved its characteristic points so persistently. The high pointed cranium, the long, pendulous ears, the ample dewlap, the wrinkled forehead, the overhanging flews and even the red haw, or third eyelid, commonly called the sealing wax, may be traced, more or less, in the Talbot hound, the basset, [illegible] the Swedish beagle, which last is a miniature bloodhound, though of lighter build. The Count le Conteulx de Cantelen, in his work "Les Races des Chiens Courans Francais," harks back to the famous St. Hubert hounds, black and white, as the recognized progenitors of the breed.

The present writer was particularly impressed by the strong bloodhound type which characterized the packs of French hounds from various provinces exhibited at the international show in Paris in 1878. However, it will be more interesting to [illegible] speculative discussion and [illegible] to the regions of fact. In border-land history bloodhounds were compulsorily maintained by each hamlet for tracking the moss troopers after their raids, and till comparatively lately the rural constabulary in England employed bloodhounds to trace sheep and poultry stealers. In Bedale a police superintendent not long ago had a wonderful hound named Voltigeur, which could find his master wherever he might be and at any hour of the night. And this reference suggests the inverse remark that the bloodhound, even as a pup, will pick up the trail of a stranger quite easily and, perhaps, more eagerly than that of his master.

Another interesting fact is that the bloodhound [illegible]

[illegible] he [illegible] the "clean shoe" as well, if not better, than when the foot of the fugitive has been purposely fouled, and it is a pretty sight to watch a trained hound following his quarry over a fence if the pursuer has gone that way, or under the rails if such has been his course. The training of bloodhounds has not been very persistently followed of late years, but there have been several important trials at Boxmoor, and at the Alexandra [illegible] also. It is noteworthy [illegible] mark that the trial at Boxmoor [illegible] when deep snow was on the ground [illegible] that while snow was actually falling the hounds laid on were equally persistent in tracking the quarry. A well trained bloodhound will follow for five miles even after six hours have elapsed since the fugitive started, and although many other trails have crossed the track. But he is frequently at fault over stone flags. It was for this reason that the pursuit of Jack the Ripper by bloodhounds, at one time mooted, was, after a trial, discarded. It was the later Mr. J. Bell's Countess which served as a model to Landseer for his bloodhound in "Dignity and Impudence," and also for his "Sleeping Bloodhound," while the late Sir John Millais' Cromwell figured in more than one of that artist's pictures. Other fine hounds have been Lauth XI, Hector II and Danger. The bloodhound's aristocratic appearance, his invariable good temper and his watchfulness commend him to social notice, while the vulgar idea regarding his ferocity renders him an invaluable companion for ladies and children against the annoyances incidental to the genus tramp.—Sketch.

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THE INGLE NOOK AT HOME.

From this one nook the world is fenced away
By four low walls, that bound the realm of home.
Here dwells content. Here love and peace hold sway.
Here pride and hate and malice never come.
And when the purring flames dispel the night
True friends are they that sit within the glow.
Kind eyes shine brighter in the flickering light,
And home's own voices, hushed to cadence low,
Speak—or are silent in a hush that speaks
Even as the fire upon the hearthstone sings—
Of home, the haven that each mortal seeks;
Of home, the goal of all our wanderings.
And hope's and memory's fairest visions come
To hover o'er the ingle nook at home.
—J. L. Heaton in "The Quilting Bee."

SOME QUEER CUSTOMS.

Mining Camp Dishwashing and Tory Island Teamaking.

An old camper out once related to a horrified housekeeper his experience of dishwashing in a miners' camp. It did not take much time, though the company was numerous and the utensils of the kitchens were in constant use. The reason why it took but little time he sufficiently indicated by the statement that the cook pot was not cleaned till it became too small to hold a pudding of reasonable size. Then somebody got a hammer and knocked off the hardened accretions from its interior till it was restored nearly enough to its original capacity to render further service.

On Tory island, an out of the way bit of an Irish islet, and indeed to a less degree throughout Donegal, the natives are not much more dainty in their living, and their habit of letting the grounds remain indefinitely in their teapots has disastrous consequences.

"Every day and all day long," says a recent writer, "the teapot sits stewing in the embers of the hearth, and at each successive brew fresh tea is thrown in, but the old is never thrown out until the pot is choked." The result is an unusual and excessive rate of insanity. Little wonder, when a Tory island boy who was questioned as to his usual meals, could reply:

"Stirabout for breakfast and tay for dinner; tay, av coorse, at taytime and stirabout for supper, whiles we have tay for breakfast instead and stirabout for our dinner, and then another sup of tay before bedtime."

However, this diet, injurious as it is to the nerves, does not seem to affect the muscles. The Tory islanders are a robust and vigorous race, the men averaging 6 feet in height and the women unusually tall and strong. The women indeed have need of all their physical strength, since it is they who do the bulk of the outdoor work, while the men stay at home and spin and weave.

"At Anagry Strand on a Sunday morning," says the same observer, "one may witness a strange sight. At low tide more than a mile of roundabout is saved by wading across a narrow bay. The men include in their Sunday's wardrobe shoes and stockings. The women, by courtesy and custom, wear 'martyeens'—footless stockings, with a loop passing over the toe. Each good wife takes her good man upon her shoulders, and the heroes are conveyed across dry shod."—Youth's Companion.

Her Tribute to Lucy Stone.

Mrs. Mary E. Holmes, the faithful and efficient president of the Illinois Equal Suffrage association, has been obliged by dom[illegible] cares and [illegible] to [illegible] official position. She will [illegible] greatly missed, but will continue to advise and plan for the cause. In a private letter she writes:

"If dear Lucy Stone was on the earth, I should explain to her first of all why I have resigned my state position. She was and is my inspiration and godmother in suffrage work. She was such a good wife and mother that I feel sure she would tell me to do my duty to the home before any other. I hope I can return to the work at some future time, but now heart and brain must be given to the home and home interests. I shall still do what little I can for our beloved cause and shall watch the battle with great interest."

Wholly Vindictive.

"It is shameful!" exclaimed the actress to whom the manager-star owed money. "But I will get even with him some time."

"What do you propose to do—sue him?"

"And give him the benefit of all that advertising? Never!" — Washington Star.

BARBER POLES.

Modern Styles and Decorations — Some Poles Are of Iron.

They are using in the west to some extent now a barber pole of galvanized iron, which has bands of [illegible] ornamental projections and is painted in the same manner as a wooden pole. Another western pole has four upright strips of iron, around which are wound spirally other iron strips, making a latticed pole. The spiral encircling strips are so painted as to form the usual stripes. There is talk now of aluminium barber poles, which would be much more expensive, but would be of extreme durability and could always be sold at so much a pound.

In the east the barber poles used are almost all made of wood, and in fact the barber poles everywhere are principally of wood. The wood commonly use is soft maple.

Barber poles are made in various sizes, but standard full size poles are made 9 and 10 feet in length and from 8 to 12 inches in circumference. They are sometimes made 14 inches in circumference, but that is unusual. There is now in force in this city an ordinance requiring that outside barber poles shall be kept within the stoop line, and that they shall not exceed 5 feet [illegible]. Before the adoption of that ordinance the large pole most commonly used in this city was 10 feet in height and 10 inches in diameter. Since the ordinance came into force there has been here an increased use of door poles and window poles, these being very much slenderer, and in the case of the window poles very much shorter. The door poles stand beside the doorway or entrance. In the case of a basement shop where the poles would be at the beginning of the steps, and so in sight along the sidewalk, they are placed upright. When placed beside a ground floor doorway, they are slanted outward slightly, so that the top projects beyond the building front. The window poles, which are short little poles with a gilded ball at each end, are fixed at an angle to iron brackets secured to the window casing. A barber is likely to use two door poles, one on either side of the door, and he may use window poles also, so that in this city the number of poles used is greater than ever before, though it may be that their aggregate bulk is no larger than that of the smaller number of larger poles that once stood by the curbstones, or were otherwise conspicuously placed.

There have been made barber poles with spiral stripes simulated by stripes painted diagonally on tapering strips of board. Years ago, too, there were made some barber poles of four strips of board, tapering and nailed together, making an obelisk shaped sign, which was striped in the usual way. But the pole, usually in some simple form, was the common thing, and this developed gradually into the more elaborate pole now commonly used, which is made with perhaps bands or other shapes turned or otherwise fastened upon it, and with greater riches and variety of ornamentation. Pretty much all poles are surmounted by a gilded ball. Other shapes—pear, for instance—have been made for a finish, but the ball is the most popular. With the more elaborate poles, with bands and carvings and panels, and with the spaces of the length more broken up, came more elaborate styles of coloring, and more or less departure from the usual spiral stripes, poles being painted with the conventional colors, but with diamond shapes, and so on. But now, while poles are made as elaborately as ever in shape, there is rather more simplicity of coloring, and the most elaborate of poles are pretty sure to show the spiral striping somewhere, the clear spaces on the pole between the ornamental designs being thus painted.

Less blue is used in stripes than formerly, the stripes being now usually of red and white, and the red generally used is a shade darker than formerly. More gold than ever is now [illegible] the big ornamental [illegible]. Besides, on the tops it is sometimes used in stars and other gilded ornamentation, and there are poles of various sizes made with spiral gold stripes on a black body instead of a white body. These cost more than poles striped in colors, but the use of them is increasing. More black and gold poles are used in the west, where people seem to spend more money on barber poles than in the east. But everywhere the spiral stripes are the barber's symbol, whether they are painted on a pole specially designed for a sign or on a telegraph pole, or, as may sometimes be seen in smaller places, around the trunk of a tree.—New York Sun.

Ancient Wills.

The antiquity of legal methods is curiously illustrated by the recent discovery of the oldest will extant. This unique document was unearthed by Professor Petrie at Kahun, Egypt, and is at least 4,000 years old. In its phraseology the will is singular[illegible] form, and it is said that it might be admitted to probate today.

JUST try a 10c. box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

Time Tables.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

Departure and arrival of Passenger Trains at Frederick. Schedule in effect May 16th, 1897.

LEAVE.

4.55 A. M.—Except Sunday for Washington, Philadelphia and New York. Due Washington 6.35 A. M.
6.00 A. M. Daily for Washington, Cumberland and Way Stations, Philadelphia and New York, and except Sunday for Hagerstown. Due Washington 8.30 A. M.
6.30 A. M.—Daily, for Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. Due Baltimore 9.00. A. M.
8.10 A. M.—Except Sunday, for Baltimore, and principal way stations, Philadelphia and New York. Due Baltimore 10.25 A. M.
9.40 A. M.—Except Sunday for Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Grafton, Lexington, Hagerstown and Way Stations and Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Chicago. Due Washington 11.35 A. M.
1.10 P. M.—Except Sunday for Baltimore and way Stations, Philadelphia and New York. Due Baltimore 4.00 P. M.
3.40 P. M.—Except Sunday for Washington and way stations, Philadelphia and New York. Due Washington 6.30 P. M.
4.10 P. M. Daily for Martinsburg, Cumberland, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Louisville and Kansas City. Except Sunday for Winchester. Sunday only for Washington, Philadelphia and New York.
4.30 P. M.—Daily, for Baltimore and Way Stations, Philadelphia and New York. Due Bal-[illegible]
6.20 P. M, Except Sunday for Washington, Hagerstown, Winchester and Way Stations, Pittsburg Wheeling, Chicago, Philadelphia and New York. Due Washington 9.10 P. M.

ARRIVE.

6.20 A. M.—Except Sunday, from Cincinnati, Pittsburg, Washington Junction and Way Stations. Baltimore and Washington Mail arrives on this train.
6.50 A. M.—Except Sunday, from Mt. Airy.
8.35 A. M.—Except Sunday, from Winchester, Hagerstown and Way Stations.
10.15 A. M.—Except Sunday from Baltimore and way stations, Philadelphia and New York.
10.30 A. M.—Except Sunday, from Washington and Way Stations.
11.27 A. M.—Sunday only, from Washington and Way Stations, St. Louis and Chicago and Wheeling.
12.20. P. M.—Sunday only, from Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.
1.45, P. M.—Except Sunday, from St. Louis, Cincinnati and Chicago, New York, Philadelphia, Washington, Hagerstown, Lexington and way stations.
3.45 P. M.—Sunday only, from Washington and way stations, St. Louis and Cincinnati.
3.56 P. M.—Except Sunday, from Baltimore and Way Stations, Philadelphia and New York
6.45 P. M.—Except Sunday, from Washington, and way stations, Philadelphia, New York, Pittsburgh and Chicago.
6.50 P. M.—Except Sunday from Baltimore, and way stations, Philadelphia and New York.
7.55, P. M.—Except Sunday, from Washington, Cumberland, Hagerstown, Brunswick and [illegible]
8.56 P. M.—Daily from Baltimore and Way Stations.

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Schedule in Effect June 28th, 1896.

Read Downward.			STATIONS.	Read Upward.		
	A. M.	A. M.	Leave Arrive	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
	11 25	5 25	Cherry Run	8 48	1 50	9 05
	11 25	5 28	Big Pool	8 45	1 17	9 02
	11 40	5 2	Clear Spring	8 38	1 04	8 48
	11 48	5 48	Charlton	8 26	2 59	8 42
	11 60	[illegible]	Williamsport	8 19	2 49	8 31
	12 15	6 13	Hagerstown	8 06	12 35	8 10
	P. M.	A. M.	Arrive Leave	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
		6 08	Williamsport			8 25
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	Leave Arrive	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
4 10	2 20	7 02	Hagerstown	7 30	12 15	8 05
....	2 16	7 20	Chewsville	....	11 59	7 50
4 29	2 25	7 27	Smithsburg	7 11	11 51	7 46
4 35	2 35	7 36	Edgemont	7 06	11 45	7 35
4 42	2 42	7 42	Blue Mountain	6 7	11 35	7 29
4 45	2 45	7 44	Pen-Mar	6 55	11 3	7 21
4 48	2 48	7 46	Buena Vista Spg	6 52	11 21	7 21
....	2 5	7 55	Highfield	....	11 2	7 26
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	Arrive Leave	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
	P. M.	A. M.	Leave Arrive		A. M.	P. M.
	3 58	7 50	Highfield		[illegible]	7 17
	3 22	8 10	Fairfield		12 6	6 45
	3 52	8 13	Gettysburg		10 28	6 19
	4 1	[illegible]	New Oxford		10 03	5 55
	4 23	[illegible]	Hanover		9 40	5 42
	4 45	9 2	Porters		9 32	5 27
	P. M.	A. M.	Arrive Leave		A. M.	P. M.
	P. M.	A. M.	Leave Arrive		A. M.	P. M.
	5 2	9 38	Porters		9 31	4 43
	5 35	9 47	Spring Grove		9 25	4 31
	6 00	10 12	York		6 00	4 10
	P. M.	A. M.	Arrive Leave		A. M.	P. M.
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	Leave Arrive	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
....	2 53	7 50	Highfield,	....	12 28	7 20
4 55	2 54	7 52	Blue Ridge,	6 48	11 23	7 15
5 21	3 20	8 16	Thurmont,	6 21	10 53	6 47
....	3 31	8 25	Rocky Ridge,	....	10 40	6 36
5 38	[illegible]	8 37	Bruceville,	[illegible]	10 29	6 23
5 45	3 54	8 45	Union Bridge,	6 00	10 20	6 13
	2 59	8 49	Linwood,	....	10 13	6 07
[illegible]	4 05	8 51	New Windsor,	5 53	10 10	6 02
[illegible]	4 27	9 11	Westminster,	5 40	9 53	5 42
....	5 03	.....	Emory Grove	....	9 12	.....
5 37	5 01	9 45	Glyndon,	5 11	9 11	4 59
....	5 39	10 08	Arlington,	....	8 55	4 23
7 18	6 13	10 27	Baltimore,	[illegible]	8 11	4 00
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	Arrive Leave	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
8 25	7 15	[illegible]	Washington,	....	7 10	2 01
9 54	9 54	12 54	Philadelphia,	11 05	3 50	1 12
12 38	12 33	3 03	New York,	9 50	12 15	11 00
A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	Arrive Leave	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.

Pen-Mar Express, Sunday, leaves Arlington 8.35 a. m., Sudbrook 9.10, Glyndon 10.01, Westminster 10.31, New Windsor 10.45, Union Bridge 10.53 and Thurmont 11.18 a. m.

Blue Mountain Express, (Parlor Car) leaves Baltimore 3.32 p. m., stopping at Westminster, New Windsor, Union Bridge, Bruceville, (connection for Frederick), Thurmont, Blue Ridge, Buena Vista Spring, Blue Mountain, Smithsburg, Hagerstown.

Blue Mountain Express, (East) leaves Hagerstown 6.48 a. m., stopping at above stations, also Rocky Ridge, Glyndon, Owings Mills and Sudbrook Park.

Additional trains leave Baltimore for Union Bridge and Intermediate Stations at 10.17 a. m. and 6.00 p.m. [illegible] and leave Union Bridge [illegible] Intermediate Stations at 5.22 and 6.37 a. m., and 12.50 [illegible] except Sunday.

Sundays only—leave Baltimore for Union Bridge and Intermediate Stations at 9.30 a. m. and 2.35 p. m., and leave Bruceville 6.56 a. m. and Union Bridge for Baltimore and Intermediate Stations 5.58 p. m.

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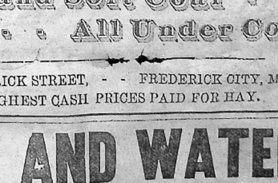

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